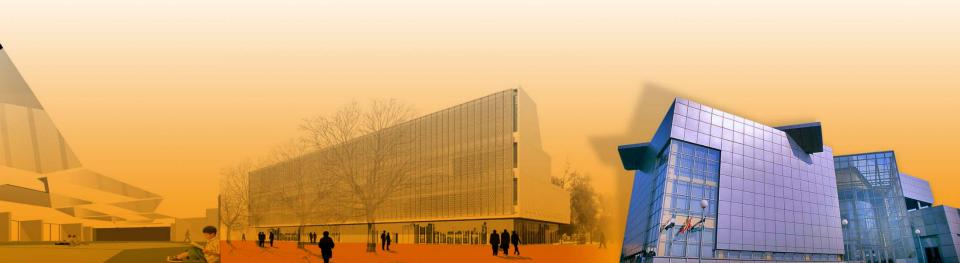
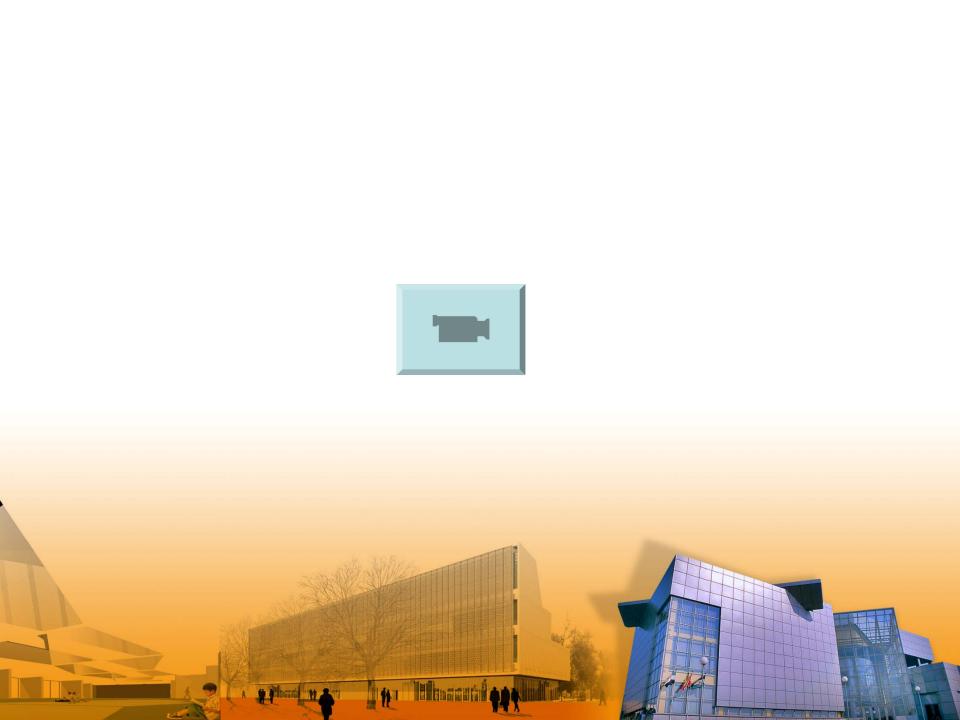






María Antonia Carrato
Head of Subdirectorate General for Library Coordination
MINISTRY OF CULTURE







## Political and Territorial Structure of Spain

- 17 Autonomous Communities and 2 Autonomous cities (Ceuta y Melilla)
- Local Entities: 52 provinces and 8.111 municipalities



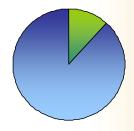
504-644 km2 46.157.822 inhabitants 6.822 municipalities (84 % of them) with less than 5.000 inhabitants

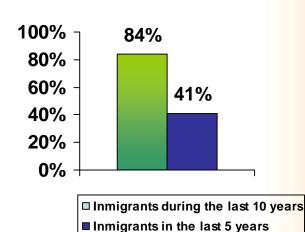






#### 12 % inmigrants of the total population







# **Population Statistics**

 2000, one of the largest immigration rates in the world From approx. 40 million inhabitants in 2000 to 46.5 in

2009

last 5 years

•2009: 5.5 million immigrants, 12 % of the total population •84% have arrived during the last 10 years, 41% in the









## **Population Statistics**

#### Regions with the largest percentages:

- Balearic Islands (21.7%)
- Valencia (17.4%)
- Madrid (16.4%)

#### Regions with the lowest percentages:

- Extremadura (3.3%)
- Galicia (3.8)
- Asturias (4.1)

Largest foreign communities
 Romania, Morocco, Ecuador, United Kingdom & Colombia

María Antonia Carrato Mena





# Legal Framework

- Constitution of 1978
- Spanish Historical Heritage Act 16/1985
- RD 582/1989 approving the Spanish Library

  System and the Public State Library Regulation
- Autonomous Community Library Acts (80 's)
- Local Administration Act (1985)
- Reading, Book and Library Act (2007)









## National Reading, Book and Library Act 10/2007

- Defines the Library System as a whole of library cooperation relations.
- Specifies the aims to achieve by the State General Administration.
- Adds the european project of digital libraries to the Spanish Legislation
- Describes the way of normalize and coordinate the libraries belonging to the State Administration









## National Reading, Book and Library Act 10/2007

#### Goals

- To promote a balanced, coherent, progressive and innovative development for all the Spanish libraries, nets, systems and consortiums.
- To promote the use of ICT in all the library services and to develope skills to facilitate their use between citizens.
- To promote equal access to a quality public library service in the whole country.



#### The Spanish Library System

- •Libraries of the State Central Administration (National Library, State Libraries of Archives and Museums, Royal Academy Libraries, Libraries of the Ministries and Public State Entities, etc.)
- Libraries of the Autonomous Comunities (Regional Libraries, Public Libraries, School Libraries, libraries of archives, museums, academies, etc).
- Libraries of the Local Administration (mainly Municipal Libraries)
- University Libraries: The Universities have plenty of autonomy recognized by the Constitution and, due to its activity on teaching and research, they sum up a huge and rich library system.
- Private libraries (of private Universities, Foundations, Companies, etc.)





# RD 1572/2007 Regulating the Coordination of the State General Administration Libraries

+ 800 State Libraries

Most of these libraries are special libraries

#### Coordination bodies:

- General Coordination body
- An Specifyc body for each Department or Ministry

The aim is to improve the processes and services offered and developed by libraries so more citizens can profit from them.





# **Council of Library Cooperation**

**The Plenary Committee** 

**Standing Committee** 

**5 Technical Commissions** 

National and Regional Libraries

**Public Libraries** 

**School Libraries** 

University Libraries Specialized Libraries

# Council of Library Cooperation GOALS

To integrate the public library systems on the Spanish Library System

To promote cooperation between all of them

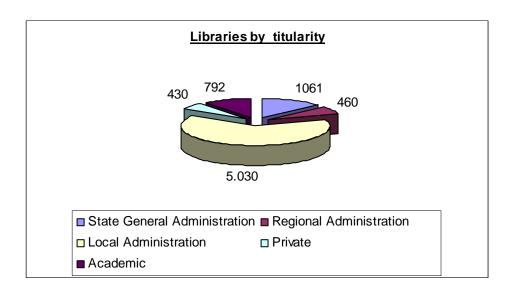
To incentivate the professional training and the interchange of experiences

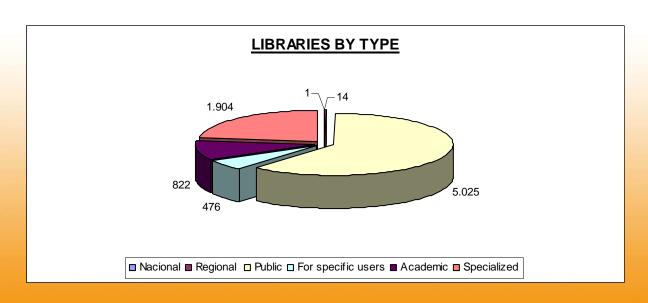
To inform about the legislation related to the Spanish libraries

To propone and start up cooperative projects

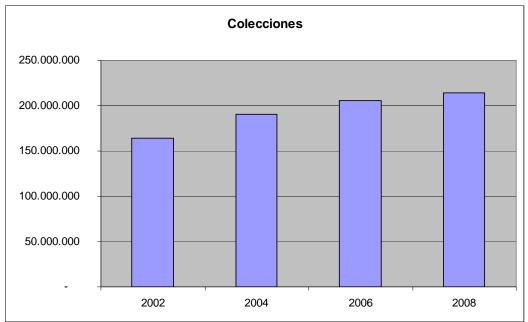
To prepare library reports and develop projects encomended by the Culture and Education Sectorial Conferences as well as the Rectors Conference of Spanish Universities

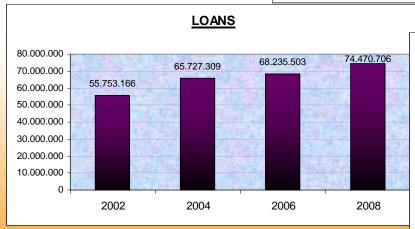
#### **Statistic Data**

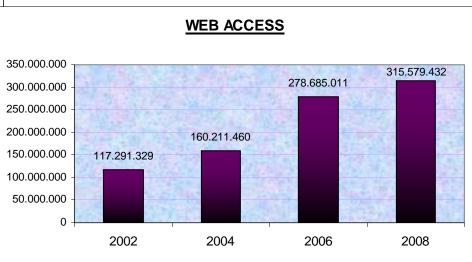




#### **Statistic Data**









The Ministry of
Culture invests on
buildings, facilities
and equipment for the
52 State Public
Libraries in all the
Spanish provinces

### New projects:

Ciudad Real Córdoba Burgos Girona Ceuta Barcelona, etc.

# State Public Library of Santiago de Compostela

















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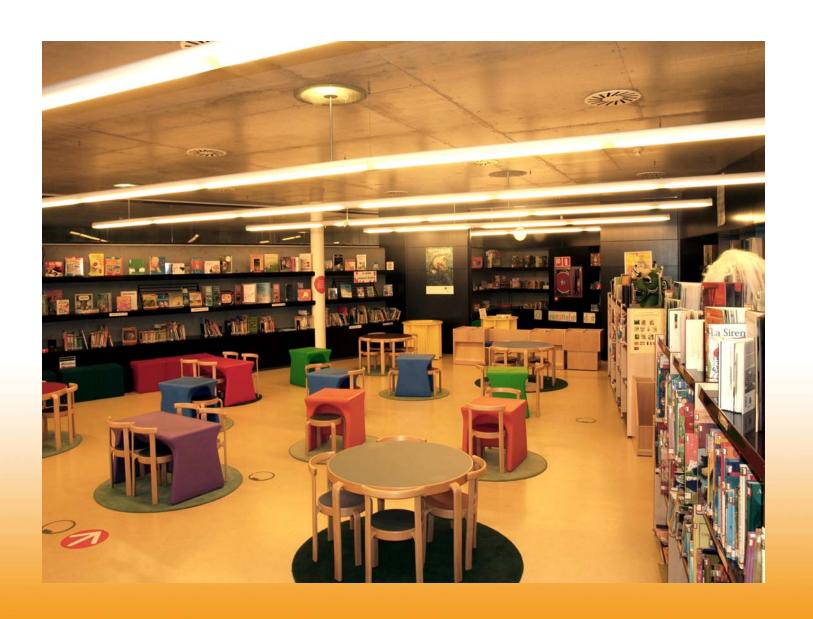






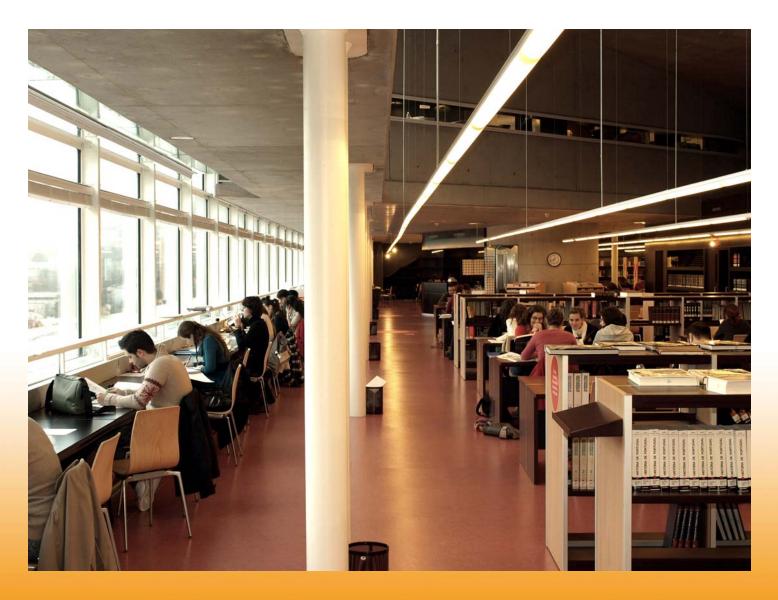


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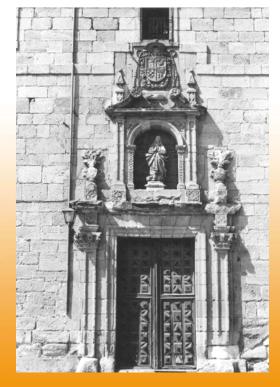


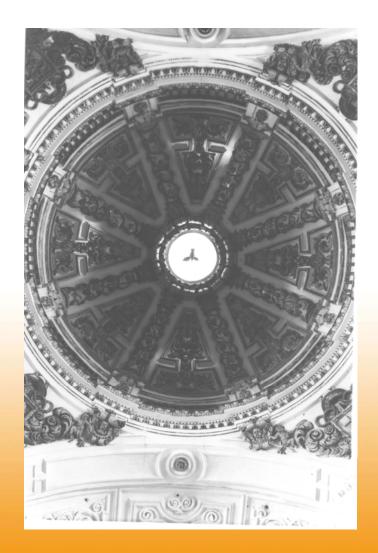
State Public Library of Zamora

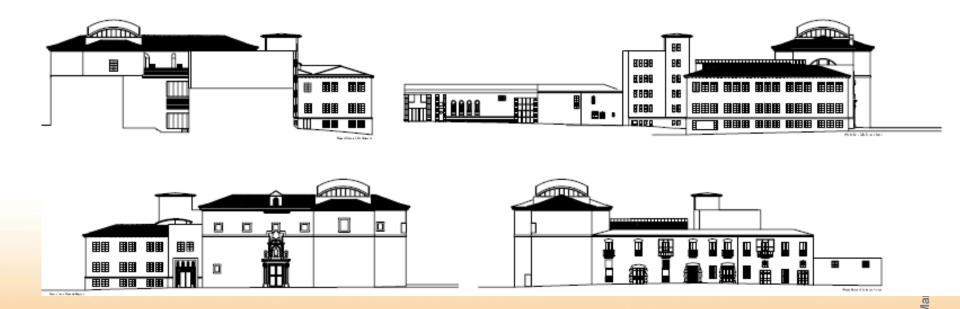
# María Antonia Carrato Mena

# State Public Library of Zamora

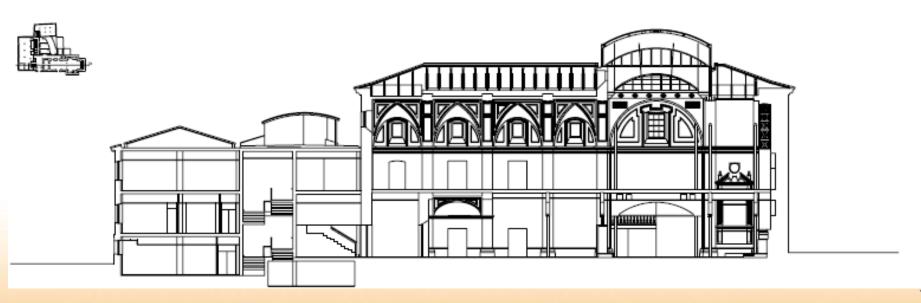


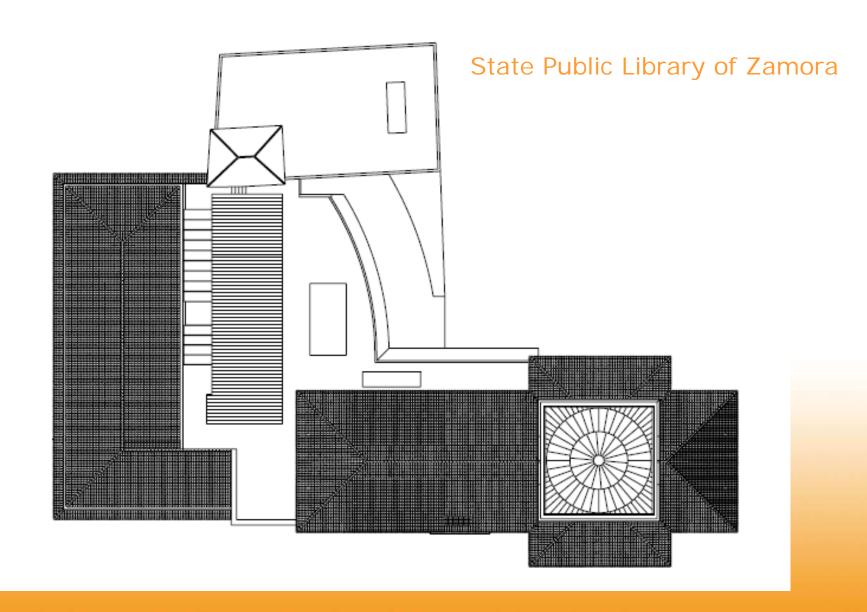






# State Public Library of Zamora





# State Public Library of Zamora

















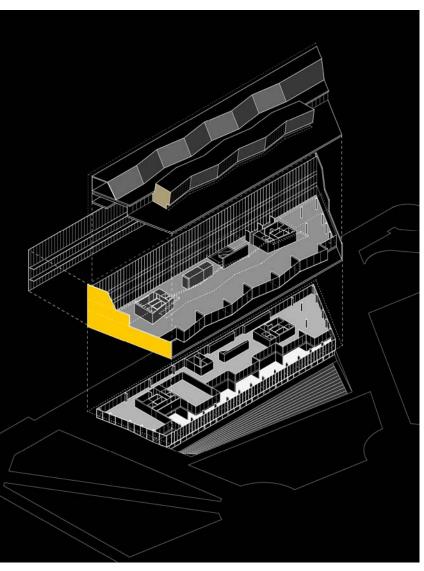


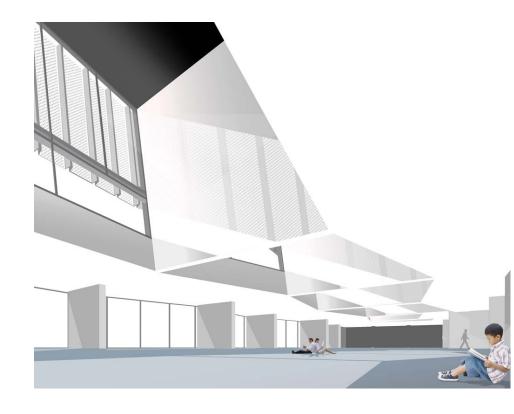
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# State Public Library of Ceuta

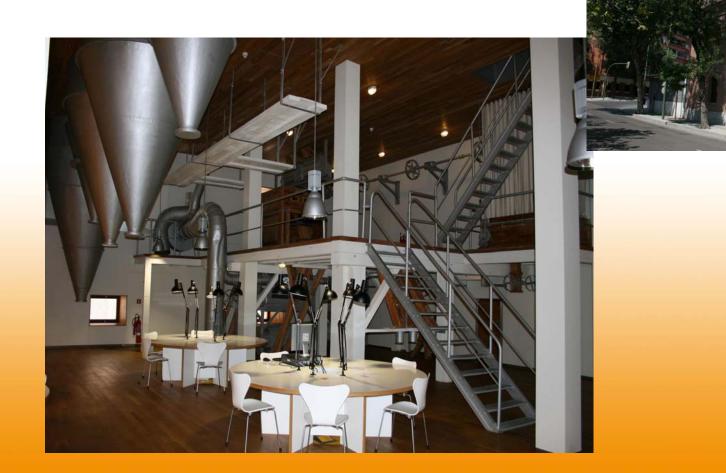


# State Public Library of Ceuta

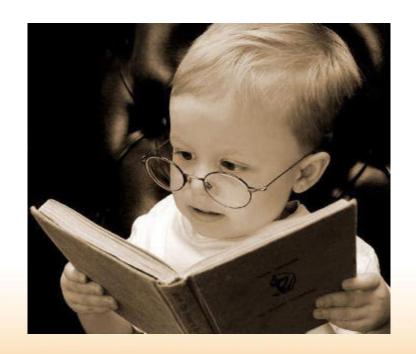




#### Biblioteca Regional de Madrid Joaquín Leguina



# Librarians and architects think about library projects for future users



We can not imagine them this way







#### Libraries in a Spanish context

#### Some ideas to begin with

- 1. Physical and virtual spaces in libraries
- 2. Accesibility to collections and services
- 3. Users demands in a digital world
- 4. New roles for librarians

Now, more than ever before it is imperative a joint effort between architects and librarians to design attractive and usable spaces for libraries that allow the implantation of a new culture of participation in the Knowledge Society, offering quality library services according to the educational, cultural and leisure citizens needs, and opening communication library spaces to make people feel part of the society they belong to.

