

LIBER Architecture Group Seminar Changing needs, changing libraries

ULB – Humanities Library
Visit
20 March 2006



UNIVERSITÉ LIBRE DE BRUXELLES, UNIVE

Bibliothèques



7 Faculties

- Philosophy and Literature
- Law (incl. School of Criminal Science)
- Social Sciences, Politics and Economics (incl. Solvay Business School, Institute of Sociology, Institute of Labour Science)
- Psychological and Educational Sciences
- Science (incl. Institute of Environment Management and Land Planning, Institute of Statistics and Operational Research, Inter-faculty School of Bioengineering)
- Medicine
- Applied Sciences Polytechnical School (incl. Inter-faculty School of Bioengineering)



UNIVERSITÉ LIBRE DE BRUXELLES, UNIVERBIBLES

Institutes / Schools



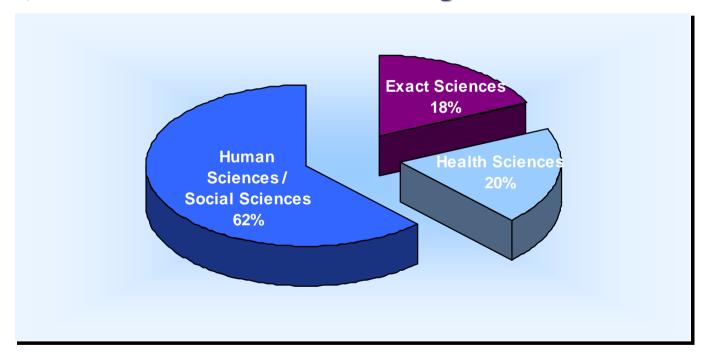
- Higher Institute for Physical Education and Physiotherapy
- Institute of Pharmacy
- Institute of European Studies



Bibliothèques

The ULB in Figures (1)

19,500 students in 2004/2005 among whom:



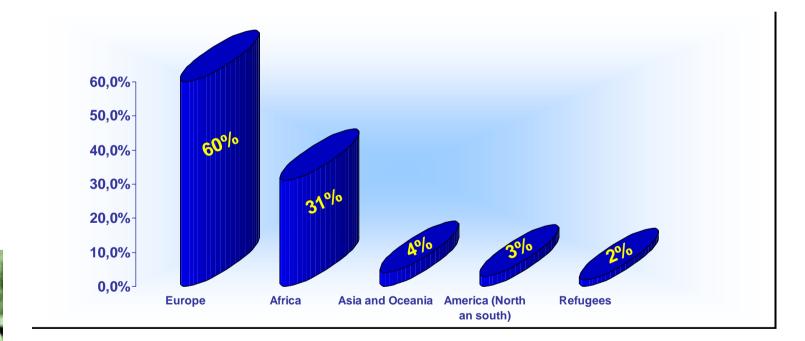
Number of graduates between 1971 and 2004: 85,000



Bibliothèques

The ULB in Figures (2)

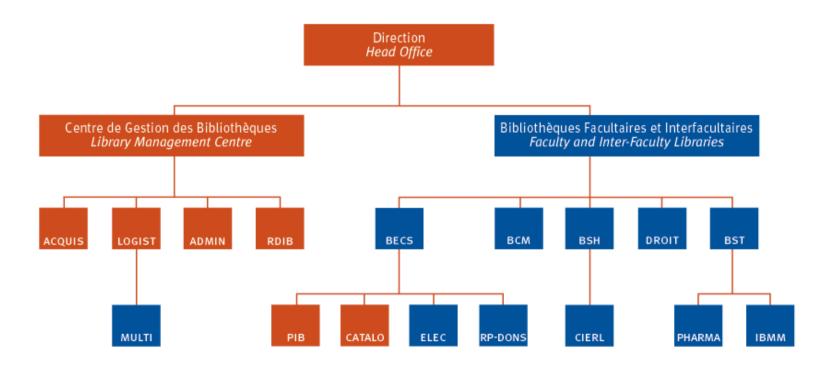
25% foreign students. Among foreign students:





Organigramme Organisational Chart

- Le réseau des bibliothèques de l'ULB regroupe cinq grandes bibliothèques principales, des bibliothèques spécialisées et des bibliothèques périphériques, soutenues par le Centre de Gestion des Bibliothèques.
- •• The ULB network of libraries consists of five main libraries, specialised libraries and peripheral libraries, all of which are underpinned by the Library Management Centre.





Bibliothèques

ACQUIS	Département Acquisitions
	Acquisitions Department
ADMIN	Département Administration générale
	General Administration
CATALO	Département Catalogue
	Catalogue Department
LOGIST	Département Logistique
	Facilities Department
PIB	Département Prêt Inter-bibliothèques
	Inter-Library Lending Department
RDIB	Département Recherche & Développement
	et Informatique des bibliothèque
	Research & Development and Information
	Technology Department

BCM	Bibliothèque centrale de Médecine
	Central Medical Library
BECS	Bibliothèque Électronique
	et Collections spéciales
	Electronic Library and Special Collections
BSH	Bibliothèque des Sciences Humaines
	Humanities Library
BST	Bibliothèque des Sciences et Techniques
	Science and Technology Library
CIERL	Bibliothèque du Centre interdisciplinaire
	d'Étude des Religions et de la Laïcité
	Interdisciplinary Religion and Secularism
	Research Centre
DROIT	Bibliothèque de Droit
	Law Library

ELEC	Bibliothèque Électronique
	Electronic Library
IBMM	Bibliothèque de l'Institut de Biologie Médicale
	et Moléculaire
	Library of the Institute of Medical
	and Molecular Biology
MULTI	Département Multimédia
	Multimedia Department
PHARMA	Bibliothèque de Pharmacie
	Pharmacy Library
RP-DONS	Réserve Précieuse et Département des Dons
	et Échanges
	Precious Reserve and Department of Donations
	and Exchanges



- After World War I:
 - A new campus outside the city centre
 - A new main University building
 - A new library within (open in 1929)





Big and bright reading room



New book reserve





- In 1975, division of the central library into four Faculty Libraries:
 - Central and Humanities Library: Faculty of Philosophy and Literature, Faculty of Social Sciences, Politics and Economics, Faculty of Psychological and Educational Sciences
 - Science and Technology Library: Faculty of Science,
 Faculty of Applied Sciences Polytechnical School
 - Medical Library: Faculty of Medicine, Public Health School
 - Law Library: Law Faculty



- In the beginning of the nineties:
 - Too small central library
 - Small libraries scattered on campus
 - Too few workplaces for students (500)



Programming a new library – objectives

- One single library for all fields of the faculties of Philosophy and Literature, Social sciences, Politics and Economics, Psychological and Educational Sciences and their School and Institutes
- Provide more workplaces for students
- Improve access to information, both printed and electronic
- Improve services to the end-users



Programming a new library

- Integration in the general University policy:
 - Quality of teaching
 - Autonomous learning
 - Symbol of the institution
- Conception of a new building:
 - Access and preservation Free access and compact storage
 - Single building with a unique entry
 - Collecting all the documents from scattered small libraries
 - Enough workplaces for students



Programming a new library

- Characteristics of the new building (1):
 - Extension of the existing building
 - Integration in campus life
 - Comfort for the user
 - Accessibility: extended opening hours
 - Distributed workstations for the consultation of electronic documents: catalogues, databases, electronic books and periodicals



Programming a new library

Characteristics of the new building (2):

- Direct access to information
- Research
- Teaching
- Study
- Training for library research

- Free access collections and reading rooms
- Research rooms
- Seminar rooms
- Reading rooms and study room
- Training room

The new Humanities Library was inaugurated on 12 September 1994 – The library part of the ancient building was renovated in 1994-1995



Division by level / section

New building	Old building
1st level: Reserve	3PSY : Psychological and
2d (2NIV): Hall and services	educational sciences
3rd (3NIV): Reference	Free access to periodical collections 5ORI – 5SLA: Slave and oriental literature and linguistics
4th (4NIV): Social sciences, Politics,	
Anthropology, European Studies	
5th (5NIV): Economics and Management	
6th (6NIV):Linguistics and Literature	
7th (7NIV): History of Art and	
Archaeology	
8th (8NIV): History and Religion	
9th (9NIV): Philosophy	



Bibliothèques

Key figures of the Humanities library (2006)

Surface	18.850 m² (12.700 + 6.150)	
Reading places	2110 seats (1780 + 330)	
Collections in free access	250.000 volumes	
Collections in reserve	800.000 volumes	
Increase in catalogue collections	18.000 units / year	
loans	165.000 / year of which 35% by	
	Selfcheck device	
Visits (2004-2005)	1.500.000 visits / year	
	Between 5.000 and 10.000 visits / day	
Opening hours	67 h / week	
	79 h / week (exams period)	
Staff	28 FTE	



Bibliothèques

ULB Libraries: Key figures

Collections (january 2006)	~1.530.000	volumes
Books, theses and dissertaions	1.030.000	Volumes (76% catalogued)
articles, brochures, miscellaneous	31.318	units
Audiovisual documents	11.685	units
Digital images (Iconothèque)	4.518	images
Digitalised books (Digithèque)	6.383	pages
e-books	2.100	titles
Printed periodicals - current	5.206	titles
Electronic periodicals	5.232	titles
Databases	500	titles
Increase in catalogue collections in	32.600	units
2005	26.000	Periodical issues



What has been evolving for twelve years?

- Equipment, especially computer equipment, including selfcheck for lending books
- Integration of new collections (recently Institute of European Studies, Goethe Institute)
- Usage change of some rooms
- Development of training activities for library research



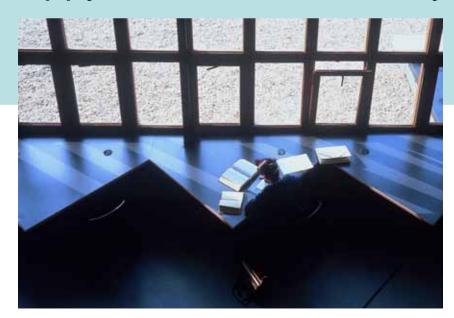
Some difficulties

- The library is more and more overcrowded
- The circulation of users is frequent and not always easy (namely due to teaching activities and to the multiple floors in the library)
- Too much noise in the hall and sometimes in the reading rooms
- The reserve will be saturated soon
- Problems with the fastenings of the marble slabs of the façades



Nevertheless...

- The new library is a success
- Problems are mostly caused by the attractiveness of the library
- Users are happy to work in the library





Thank you

Let us visit the library

Have a nice seminar